

## MATHS- 14.9.20

Mental & Oral Starter

On your whiteboards:

Complete the number sequences...

0, 25, 50, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 125, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

700, 650, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 450, \_\_\_\_\_

MATHS- 14.9.20

**Let's begin to  
explore a four-digit  
number!**

## MATHS- 14.9.20

A four-digit number has Thousands, hundreds, tens and ones.

TH	H	T	Os
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1	0	0	0
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# MATHS- 14.9.20

- Let's explore...
- How is counting in thousands similar to counting in 1s?
- When counting in thousands, which is the only digit to change?

# MATHS- 14.9.20

WALT: Count in thousands

S2S:

- \*I understand that 1,000 is made up of ten hundreds
- \*I can count in multiples of 1,000s using pictorial representations
- \*I can count in multiples of 1,000s using numerals and words

# MATHS- 14.9.20

Let's learn

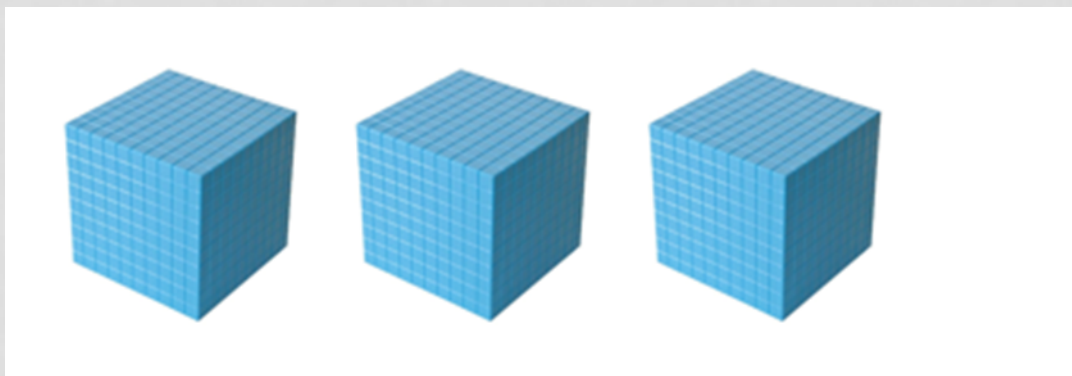
What number is represented below?



How is it represented in numerals and words?

# MATHS

**What number is represented below?**

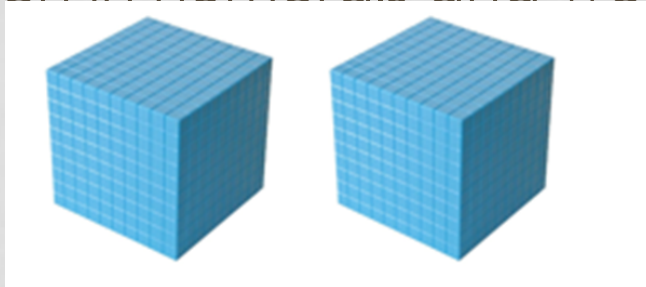


**How is it represented in numerals and words?**

# MATHS

## Independent Practice (1):

- Which numbers are represented below?
- Represent each in numerals and words.



- a)



- b)



# MATHS

## Independent Practice (2):

- How many jelly beans are there in total?



- There are four jars of \_\_\_\_\_ jelly beans.
- There are \_\_\_\_\_ jelly beans in total.

# MATHS

## Independent Practice (3):

Complete the number track:

a)

3,000		5,000	6,000		8,000
-------	--	-------	-------	--	-------

b)

		3,000	4,000		6,000
--	--	-------	-------	--	-------

c)

	5,000	4,000			1,000
--	-------	-------	--	--	-------

d)

			6,000	5,000	
--	--	--	-------	-------	--

# MATHS

## **Independent Practice (4):**

Sort the following statements into sometimes true, always true and never true.

1. When counting in hundreds, the ones digit changes;
2. The thousands column changes every time you count in thousands;
3. To count in thousands, we use four-digit numbers.

# MATHS

**Challenge....**

**Agra says, “If I count up in thousands from zero, each number I count will be an odd number.”**

**Do you agree? Why?**

**Answer. Prove. Explain.**

# MATHS- 15.9.20

Mental & Oral Starter  
On your whiteboards:

Complete the 3, 4 and 7 times  
table.

# MATHS- 15.9.20

WALT: Use times tables

S2S:

- \*I know my times tables

- \*I can use my times tables

- \*I can apply my times table knowledge

# MATHS

- Complete the speed tables.
- When you have finished you can use the I pads to play Rock stars TT.

# MATHS- 16.9.20

Mental & Oral Starter  
On your whiteboards:  
Complete the number tracks...

<b>400</b>	<b>425</b>				
------------	------------	--	--	--	--

		<b>725</b>			
--	--	------------	--	--	--

					<b>275</b>
--	--	--	--	--	------------

<b>975</b>	<b>1,000</b>			<b>1,075</b>	
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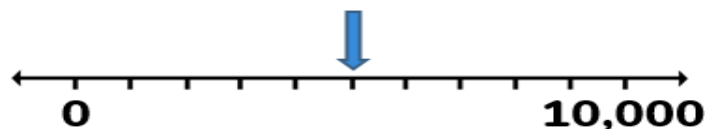


# MATHS

In focus...

Which is the odd one out? Answer. Prove. Explain?

3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000
-------	-------	-------	-------



# MATHS

WALT: Recognise the place value of 4-digit numbers

S2S:

- \*I understand that a 4-digit number is made up of 1s, 10s, 100s and 1,000s
- \*I can represent 4-digit numbers using concrete and pictorial resources
- \*I can partition and re-combine 4-digit numbers

# MATHS

**Let's Learn:**

**Using our place value coins, let's represent the number:**

**1,231**

**How many thousands are there?**

**How many hundreds are there?**

**How many tens are there?**

**How many ones are there?**

# MATHS

## Guided Practice:

Using your place value coins, represent the number:

**3,150**

How many thousands are there?

How many hundreds are there?

How many tens are there?

How many ones are there?

# MATHS

## **Guided Practice:**

**Using your place value coins, represent a 4-digit number of your choice.**

**Can your partner answer the following questions about your representation?**

**How many thousands are there?**

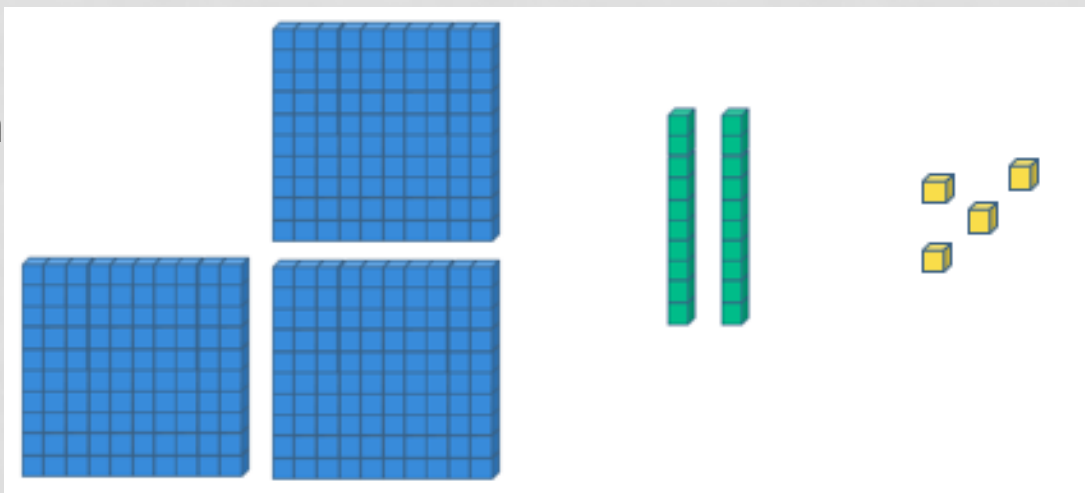
**How many hundreds are there?**

**How many tens are there?**

**How many ones are there?**

# MATHS

Let's Learn



Complete the sentences

There is \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_\_ tens and \_\_\_\_\_ ones.

The number is \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

# MATHS

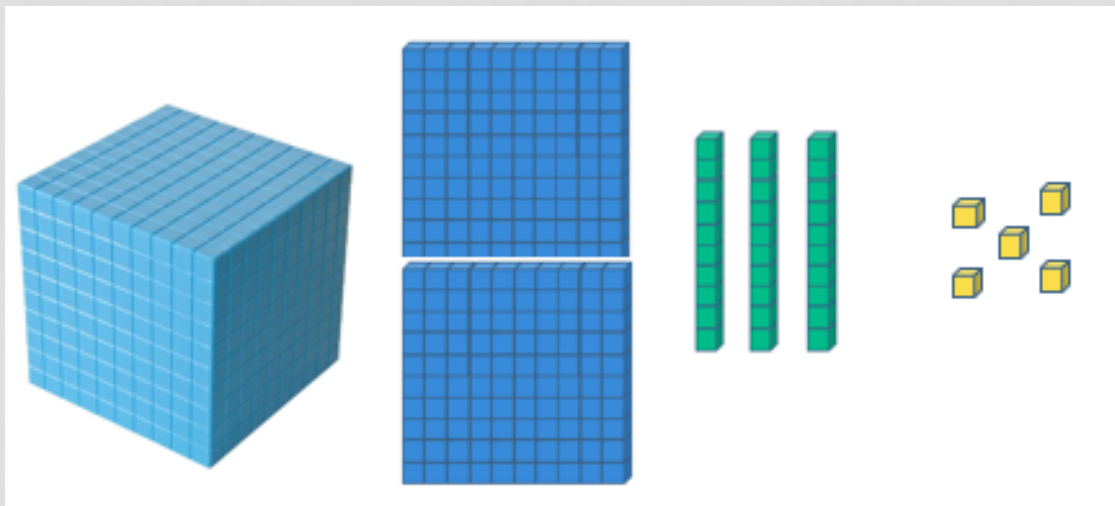
Guided Practice...

Complete the sentences

There is \_\_\_\_ thousand, \_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_ tens and \_\_\_\_ ones.

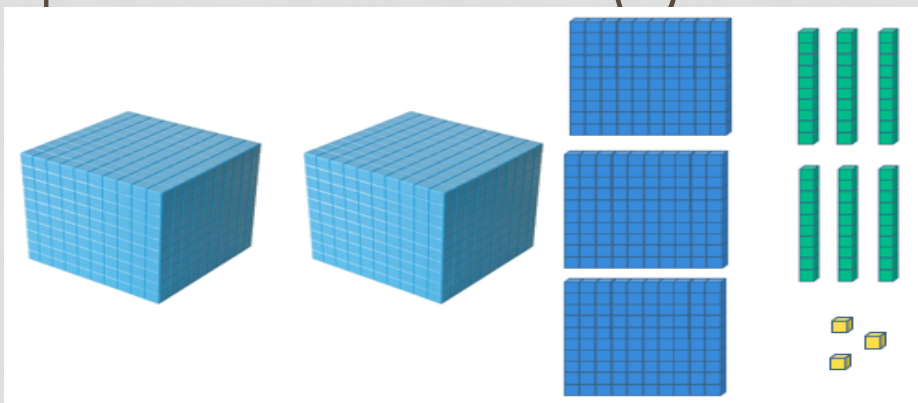
The number is \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_



# MATHS

## Independent Practice (1):



Complete the sentences

There are \_\_\_\_ thousands, \_\_\_\_  
hundreds, \_\_\_\_ tens and \_\_\_\_ ones.

The number is \_\_\_\_.

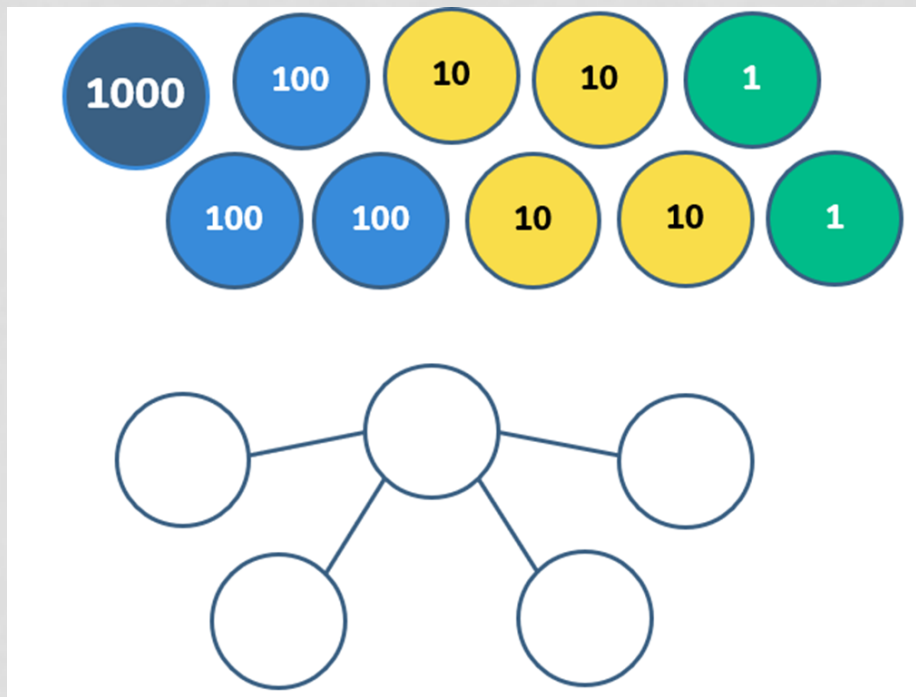
$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$



# MATHS

Let's learn...

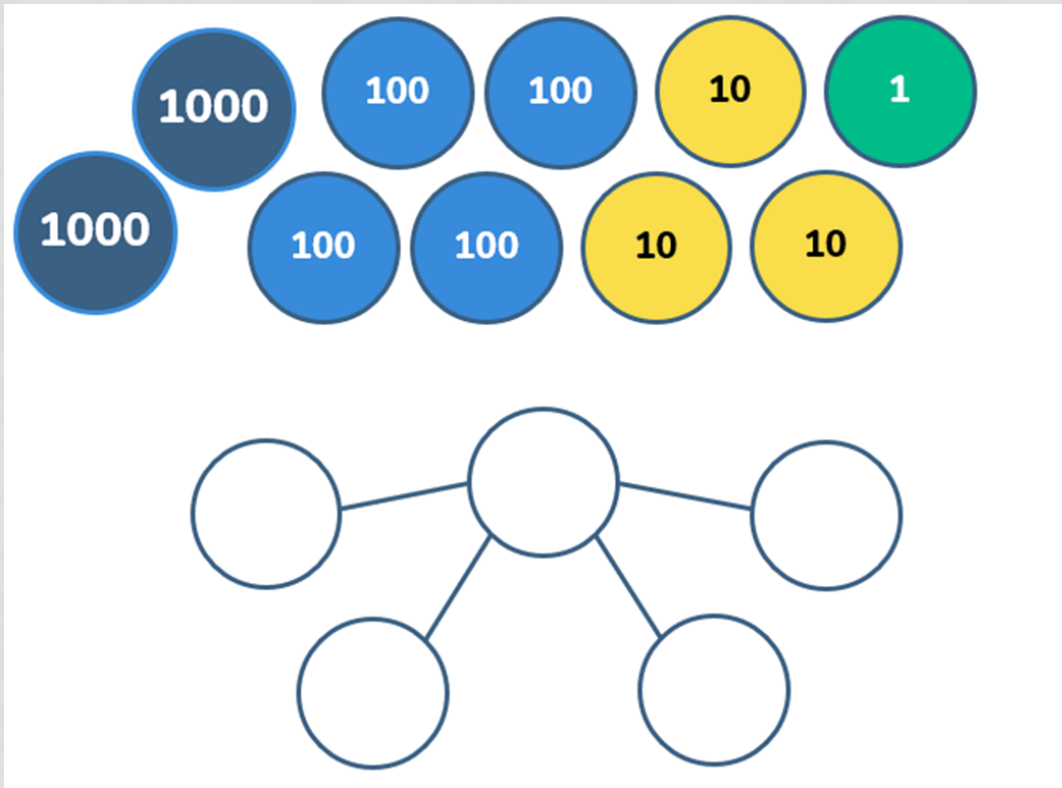
Complete the part-whole model for the number represented.



# MATHS

Guided Practice...

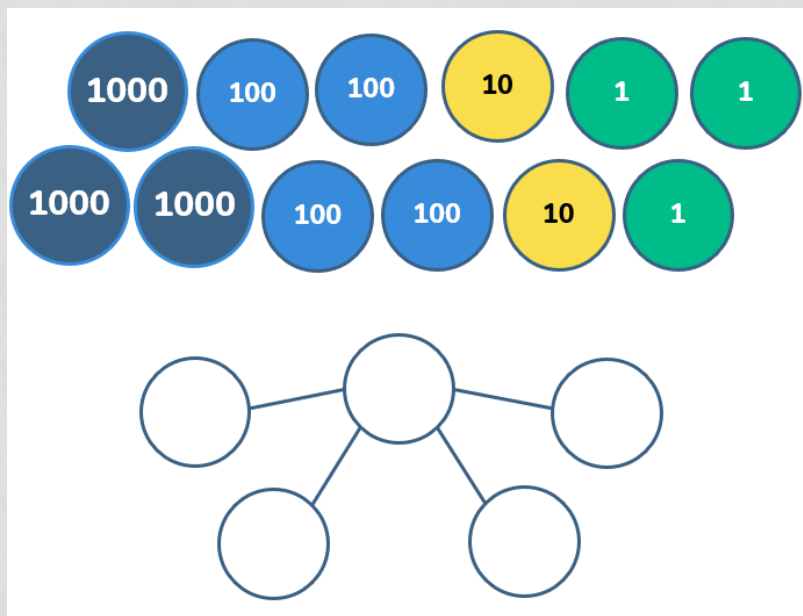
Complete the part-whole model for the number represented.



# MATHS

Independent Practice (2):

Complete the part-whole model for the number represented.



# MATHS

Let's learn....

What is the value of the bold digit in each number?

7,835

# MATHS

## Guided Practice

What is the value of the bold digit in each number?

**9**,137

**8**64

6,13**2**

# MATHS

Independent practice (3)

What is the value of the bold digit in each number?

6,7**8**9

**9**37

**7**,254

9,24**0**

# MATHS

## Independent Activity (4)

Create 5 four-digit numbers where the hundreds column is 4 and the digits add up to 16. For example.

4,444

# MATHS

Challenge....

Use the clues to find the missing digits.



\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

The thousands and ones digits multiply together and have the product 12.

The ones digit and tens digit add together to make 6.

The hundreds digit is worth half as much as the thousands digit.

The total when the four digits are added together is 15.



# MATHS 17.9.20

## Mental & Oral Starter On your whiteboards:

Find the missing digits...

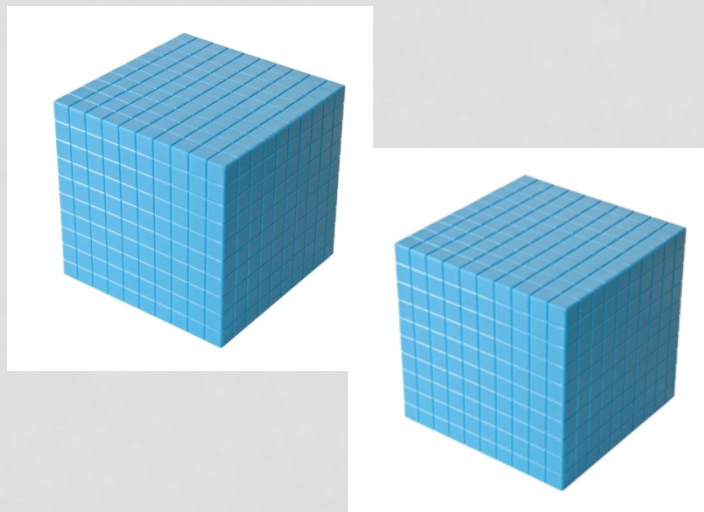
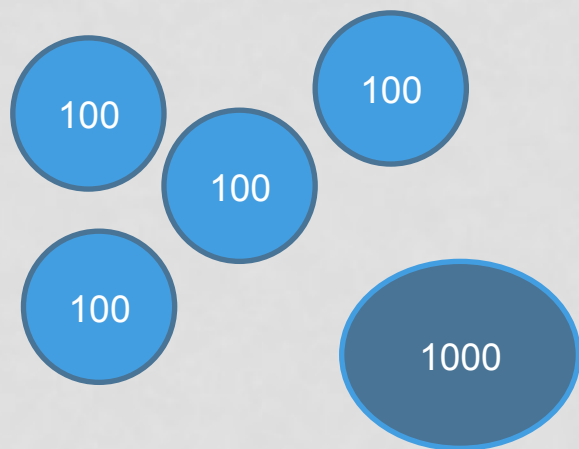
1024    2024    \_\_024    4\_\_24    50\_\_4    602\_\_

# MATHS

In focus...

Ruby says, “There are more place value counters, so they are worth more than the Base 10 cubes (Dienes blocks).”

Do you agree? Why? **Answer. Prove. Explain.**



# MATHS

WALT: Partition 4-digit numbers in multiple ways

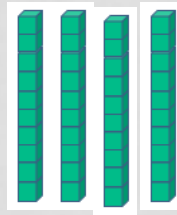
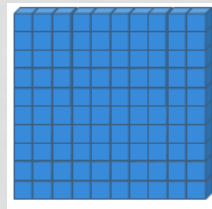
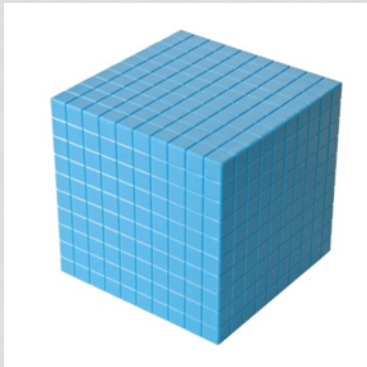
S2S:

- \*I understand that numbers can be partitioned in a variety of ways
- \*I can make exchanges to partition in multiple ways
- \*I can use different representations to partition

# MATHS

Let's learn...

Let's look at what this number is made up of.

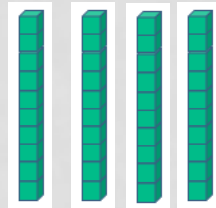
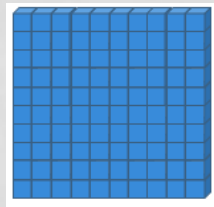
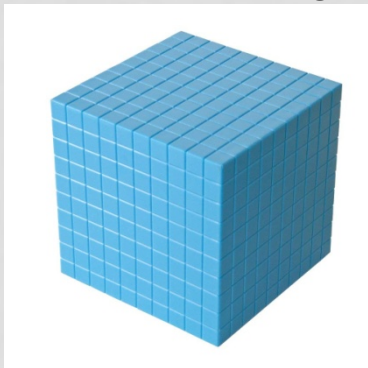


$$1000 + 100 + 40 + 7$$

# MATHS

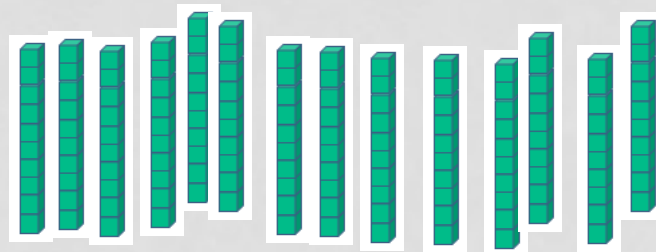
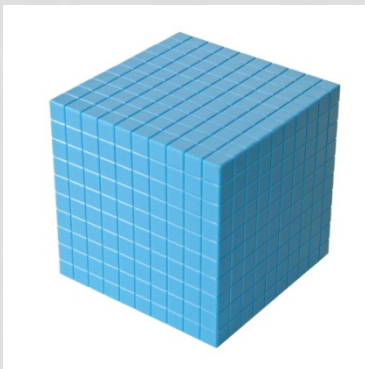
Let's learn...

Move the Base 10 (Dienes blocks) or the place value coins around to make exchanges to represent the number in many ways.



$$1000 + \underline{\quad\quad} + \underline{\quad\quad} + 7 =$$

Or

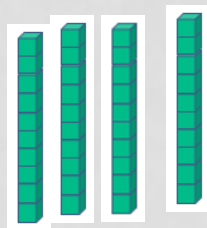
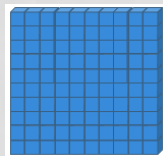
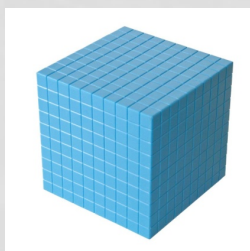


$$1000 + \underline{\quad\quad} + 7 =$$

# MATHS

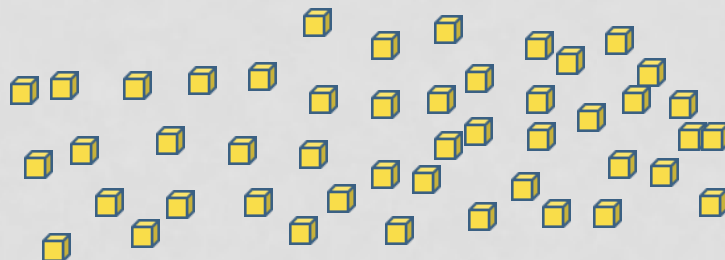
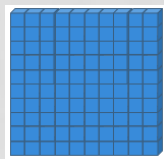
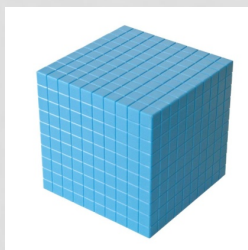
Let's learn...

Move the Base 10 (Dienes blocks) around to make exchanges to represent the number in many ways.



$$1000 + 100 + \underline{\quad}$$

Or...

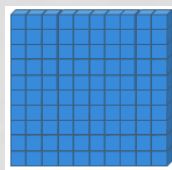
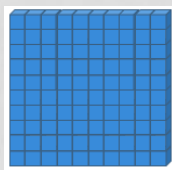
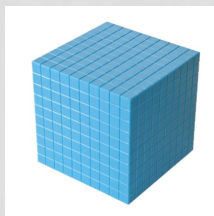
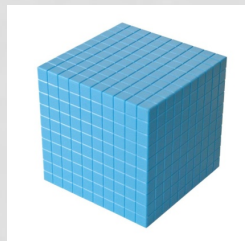


$$1000 + 100 + \underline{\quad}$$

# MATHS

Independent activity(1)

Move the Base 10 (Dienes blocks) around to make exchanges to represent the number in many ways.



$$2,000 + 200 + 10 + 3$$

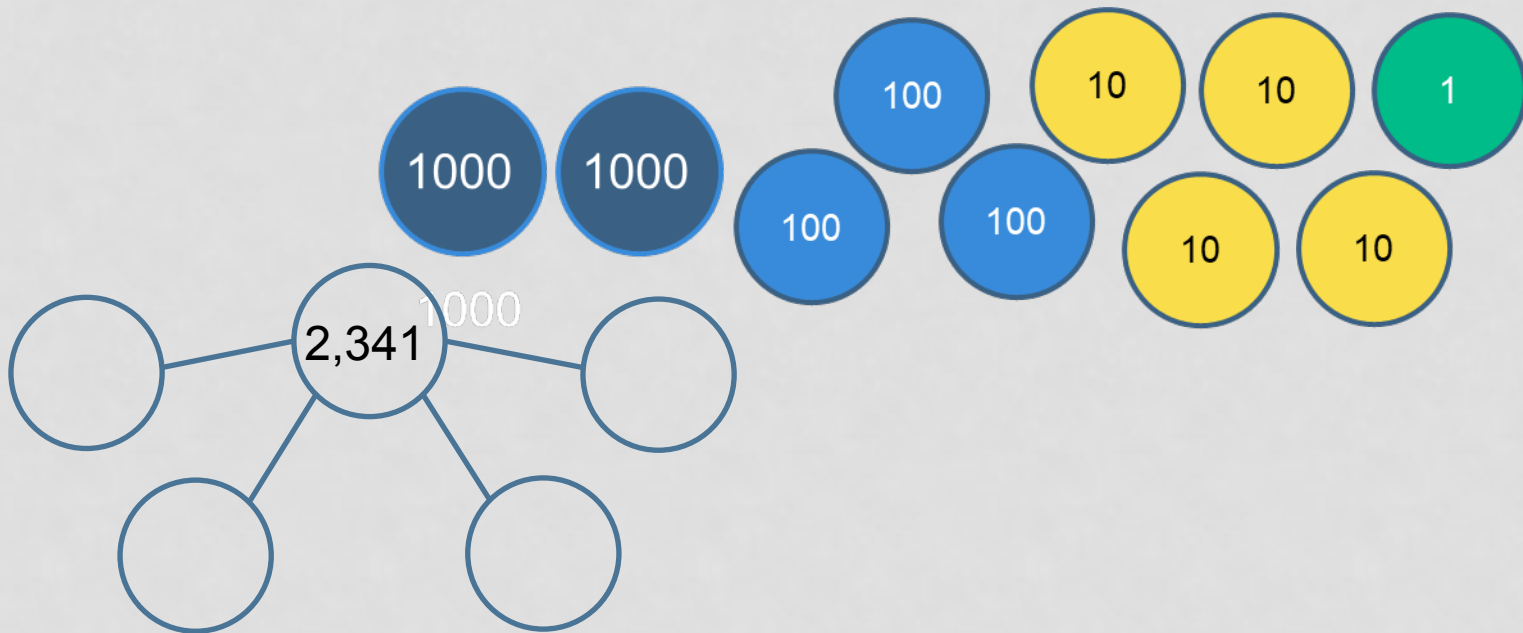
$$2,000 + \underline{\quad} + 3$$

$$2,000 + 200 + \underline{\quad}$$

# MATHS

## Guided Practice

Complete the part-whole model for the number represented.





# MATHS

Let's learn...

Sarah is describing a number.

She says, "My number has 3 thousands and 402 ones."

What is Sarah's number?

How else could you describe the number?

?, ???

# MATHS

## Independent practice(2)

Jane is describing a number.

She says, “My number has 24 hundred and 57 ones.”

What is Jane’s number?

How else could you describe the number?

# MATHS

Challenge...

Sam says, “My number has four thousands, twenty-five tens and seven ones.”

Tim says, “My number has forty-two hundreds and thirty-two ones.”

Who has the largest number?

*Answer. Prove. Explain.*

# MATHS 18.9.20

## Mental & Oral Starter On your whiteboards:

Can you find the missing numbers or digits...

3,000, 5,000 \_\_\_\_\_, 9,000

0, 500, \_\_\_\_\_, 1,500, 2,000, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

1,025, 1,050, 1,\_\_\_75, 1,100, 1,1\_\_\_5, \_\_\_\_\_

# MATHS

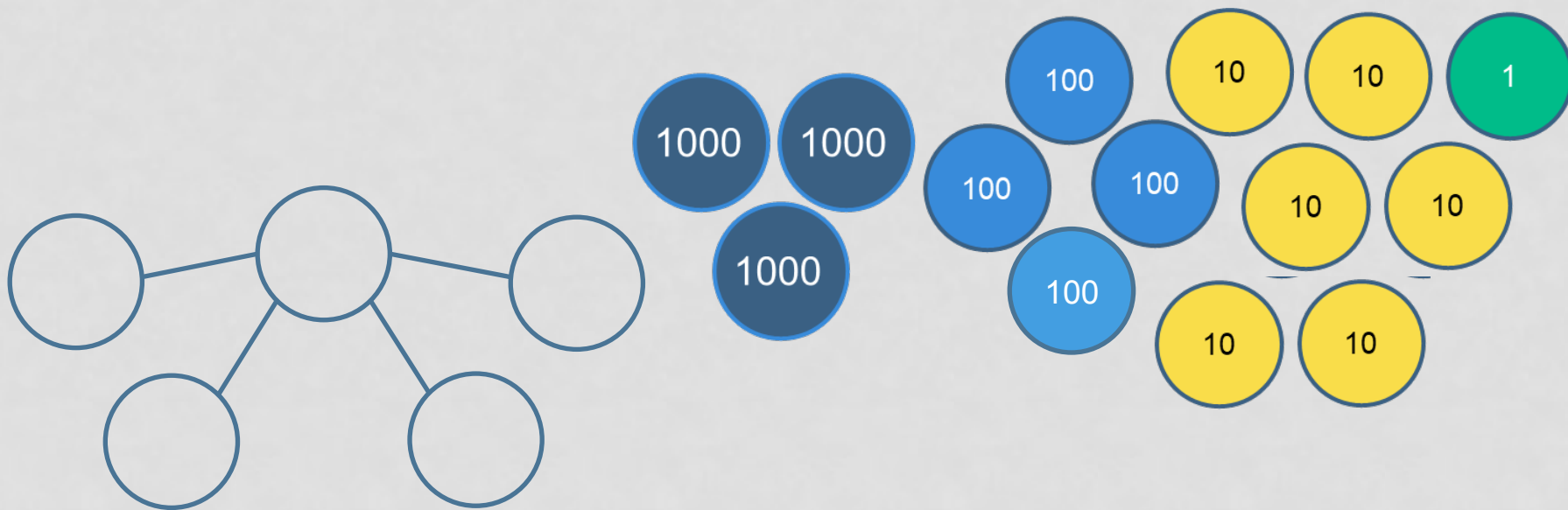
Let's recap...

What have we been learning about  
this week?

# MATHS

Let's recap...

Complete the part-whole model for the number represented.



Can you write this as a number sentence?

\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

# MATHS 18.9.20

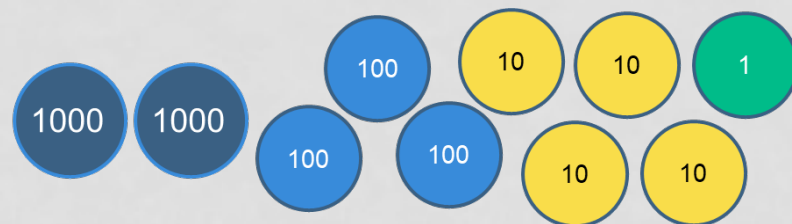
Can you write the numbers for A, B, C, D...

Can you put the letters in order from smallest to biggest...

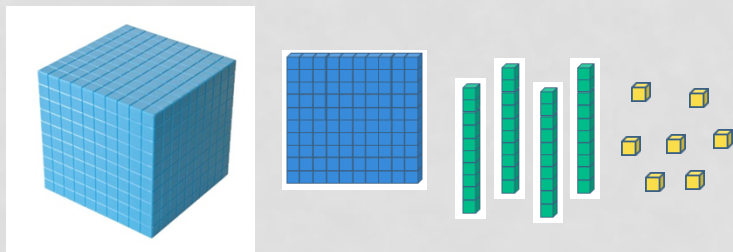
A

$$1000 + 400 + 20 + 3$$

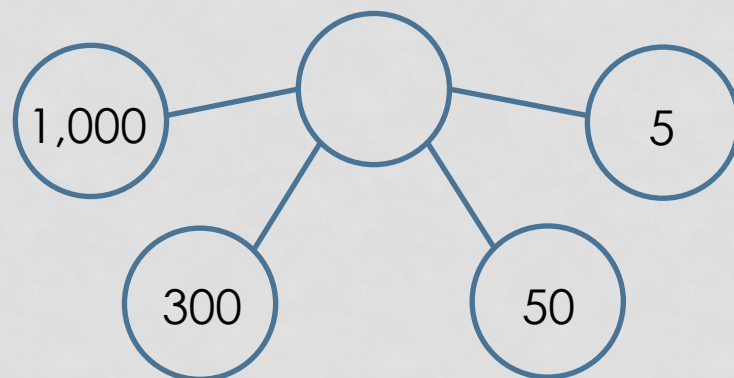
B



C



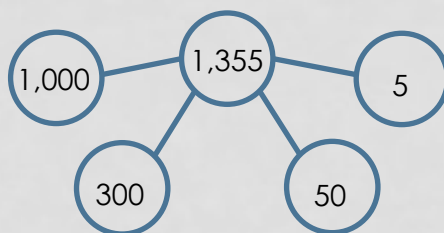
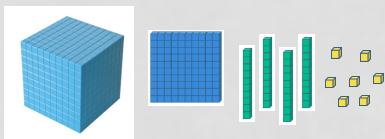
D



# MATHS 18.9.20

In focus...

We have looked at lots of different ways to represent a number.



Can you think of any more?

Tell your partner...



# MATHS 18.9.20

WALT: Use a number line up to 10,000

S2S:

- \*I can locate a 4-digit number on a number line

- \*I can estimate the location of a 4-digit number on a number line

# MATHS 18.9.20

Let's learn...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



- How do you know? Explain.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



- How do you know? Explain.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?

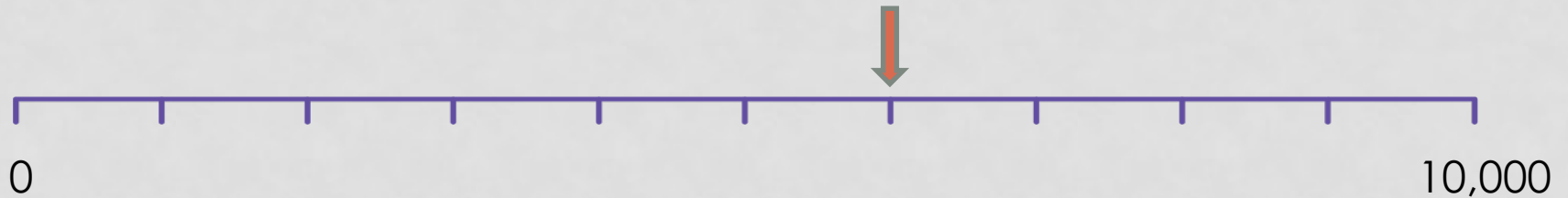


- How do you know? Explain.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



- How do you know? Explain.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Independent Practice...

Can you write the numbers in the correct place on your number line? Use arrows to show where they go.

A – 9,000

B – 4,000

C – 7,000

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



- How do you know? Explain.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



- How do you know? Explain.



# MATHS 18.9.20

Independent Practice...

Can you write the numbers in the correct place on your number line? Use arrows to show where they go.

D – 7,500

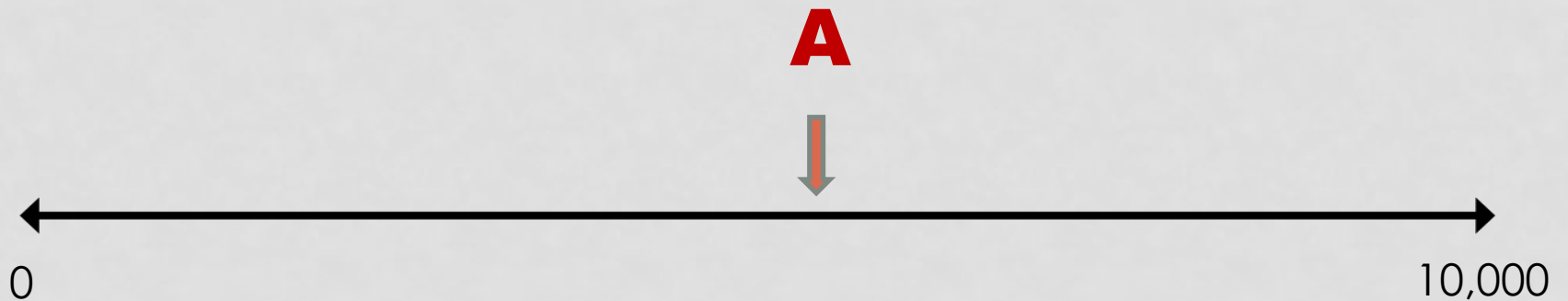
E – 2,800

F – 6,400

# MATHS 18.9.20

Let's learn...

Can you estimate the value of A?



*Answer. Prove. Explain*

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

Can you estimate the value of B?



*Answer. Prove. Explain*

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice ...

Can you estimate the value of C?



*Answer. Prove. Explain*

# MATHS 18.9.20

Independent practice...

Can you write the numbers in the correct place on your new number line? Use arrows to show where they go.

A – 5,000

B – 6,000

C – 3,000

D – 7,500

# MATHS 18.9.20

Let's learn...

- Sam says the arrow is 6 jumps along the number line so is pointing to the number 6,000.



- Is she correct?
- Explain why.

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



A – 9,000

B – 8,500

C – 7,000

D – 5,500

- Answer. Prove. Explain*

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



A – 9,000

B – 8,500

C – 7,000

D – 5,500

- Answer. Prove. Explain*



# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice...

- Which number is the arrow pointing to?



A – 9,000

B – 8,500

C – 7,000

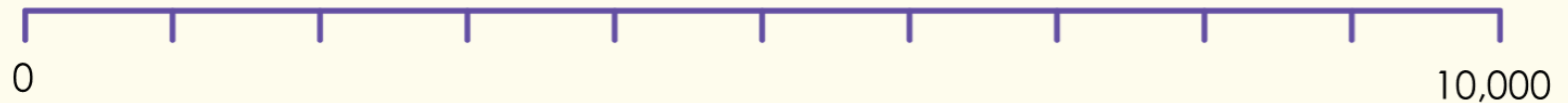
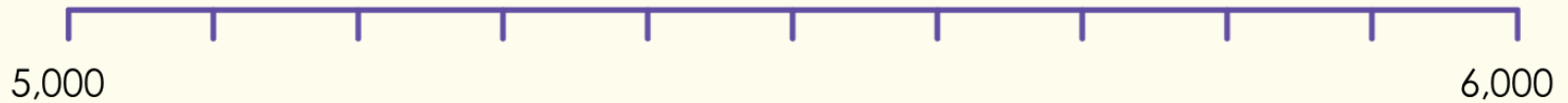
D – 5,500

- *Answer. Prove. Explain*

# MATHS 18.9.20

Guided practice...

- Put the number 5,200 on each of the number lines.

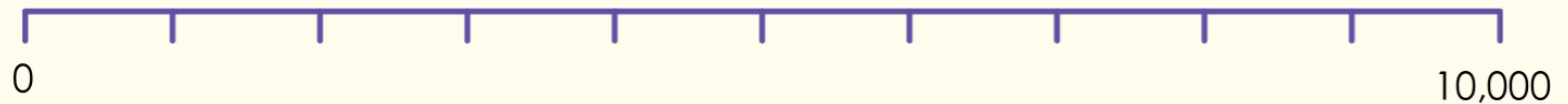
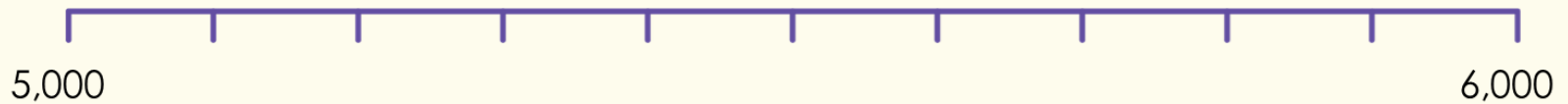


- What do you notice?

# MATHS 18.9.20

Independent practice...

- Put the number 5,500 on each of the number lines.



# MATHS 18.9.20

## Challenge...

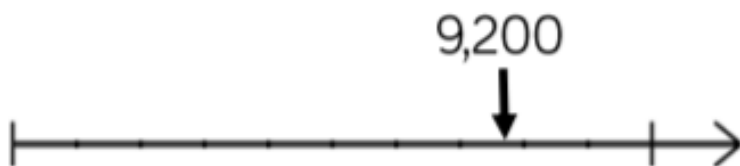
Mark 5,000 and 7,000 on the ends of the number line



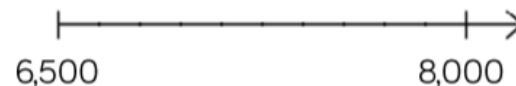
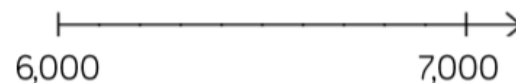
Mark these numbers on the number line.

- d. 5,750
- e. 6,300
- f. 6,800

If the number on the number line is 9,200, what could the start and end numbers be?  
Find three different possible answers.



Place 6,750 on each of the number lines.



Are they in the same place on each line? Why?